

4,4,4-Trifluorocrotononitrile (abb.FMCN)

(4,4,4-トリフルオロクロトノニトリル)

CF₃CH=CHCN

Purity	97%
CAS Number	406-86-0
Molecular Formula	C4H2F3N
Molecular Weight	121.06
Application	They proposed a method for introducing functional trifluoroalkyl groups into heterocycles. In a study of C-alkylation of N-alkylpyrrole and N-alkylpindole, FMCN did not show any C-alkylation reactivity toward the π donor ring like dicyanoethylene, even in various solvents and at high temperatures. Furthermore, even with a common Friedel-Crafts catalyst, C-alkylation remained in low yield (25%). It was found that C-alkylation of N-alkylpyrrole and N-alkylindole can proceed in good yield by mixing FMCN and AlBr3 in advance to form a homogeneous catalyst. It was also shown that this trifluoromethyl-alkylated nitrile can be easily converted to the corresponding carboxylic acid. $F_{3}c \leftarrow C^{N} + AlBr_{3} \stackrel{(a)}{\longrightarrow} \left[F_{3}c \leftarrow C^{NAlBr_{3}}\right]$ (a) CH2Br2, 20°C, (b) CH2Br2, 5°C*1hr*20°C*6hr, NaHCO3/H2O $\frac{No. R1 R2 Yields Indoles Yields Pyrroles \\ \hline 1.4 CH3 H 73\% 70\% \\ \hline 2.5 H H 55\% 58\% \\ \hline 3.6 H CH3 62\% 72\% \\ \hline$ (c) H2O 25%KOH 75°C*2hr+HCl/H2O,EA $F_{4}c \leftarrow G^{N} $
Properties: Appearance Boiling point, °C	Liquid 84-85
Packing: UN, PG:	-